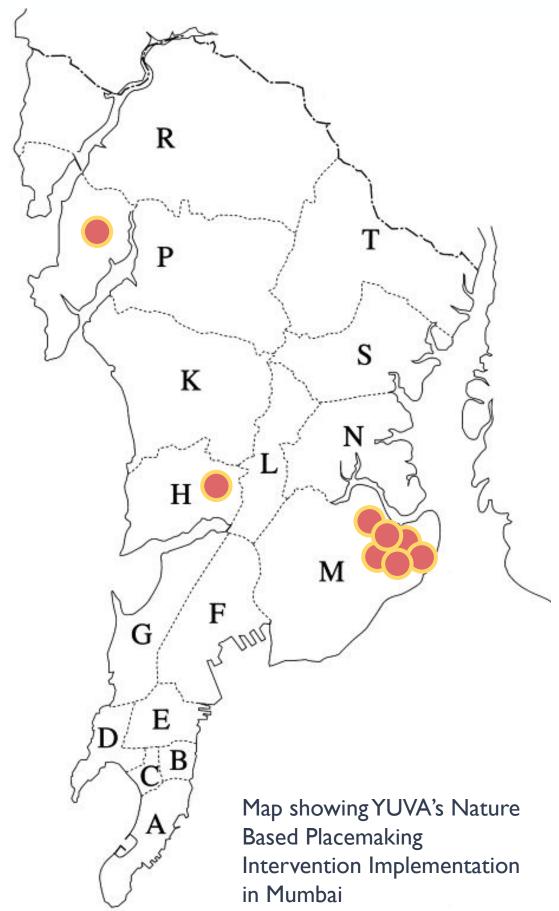


Chalo Basti Badlein

Nature-based Placemaking in an Urban Poor Resettlement Colony

The transformed public space in Lallubhai Compound, a Rehabilitation and Resettlement colony in Mumbai, illustrates the potential for scalable models of climate adaptation that enable urban poor communities to advocate for systemic change, offering a pathway toward climate just cities.



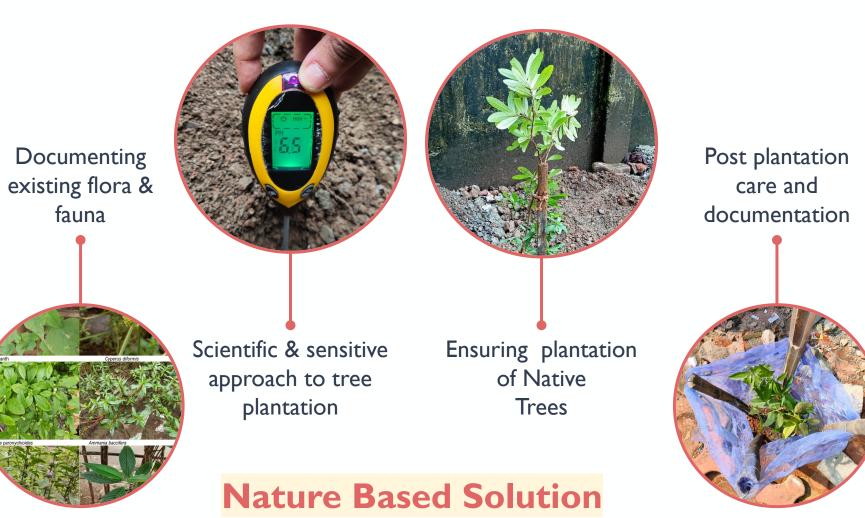




Participation of the most vulnerable Participatory Planning and Implementation



Participatory Placemaking



In addition to being the most socially vulnerable ward, M-East ward also stands out as the most climate vulnerable ward with 40.08 per cent of its population affected by urban heat risks (YUVA, 2023; MCAP, 2022).

Contributing to a framework for sustainable urban adaptations

Climate adaptation examples in urban settings are rare, especially those focused on climate-just adaptation for the urban poor.

The case of Lallubhai Compound, where YUVA interfaced directly with resident communities and agencies like WRI, MMRDA, and BMC, demonstrates the power of community-led initiatives. Using qualitative methods and participatory co-design workshops, YUVA enabled active participation and deliberative dialogues, leading to inclusive decision-making and lasting ownership among participants.